



Chilean Flamingo

Gcientific Name FAMILY: DRDER: AZA MANEGMENT: Green	Phoenicopterus chilensis Phoenicopteridae Phoenicopteriformes
♥ GEOGRAPHIC	RANGE
EUROPE	
ASIA	
NORTH AMERICA	
X NEOTROPICAL	
AFRICA	
AUSTRALIA	
OTHER	
A HABITAT	
FOREST	Additional information here
DESERT	if needed.
GRASSLAND	
X COASTAL	
X RIVERINE	
X MONTANE	
X OTHER	

A THE STATE OF THE	TEMPERATURE TOLERANC
Φ'	



From <u>20 ° F</u> to <u>110° F</u>

Ď DIET			
FRUGIVORE CARNIVORE PISCIVORE	NECTIVORE X OMNIVORE FOLIVORE		
INSECTIVORE	OTHER		
Captive Dietary Needs: There are several commercial flamingo products on the market that replicate the flamingos natural diet. A canthaxanthin supplement may also be given to aid in the pink pigmentation of the feathers.			

🖔 LIFE EXPECTANCY					
Median Life Expectancy		Maximum Longevity			
Within AZA	N/A	55	C		
In the Wild	N/A	30			

J: CIRCADIAN	CYCLE	Within AZA	N/A	55
X DIURNAL	Additional information here	In the Wild	N/A	30
CREPUSCULAR	if needed.			
NOCTURNAL				
OTHER				

BREEDING INFORMATION

COURTSHIP DISPLAYS

Head flagging, false feeding, wing-leg stretch, wing salute, and twist-preen

AGE AT SEXUAL MATURITY

Males 3-5
Females 3-5

Incubation period: 28-32 days

Fledgling Period: 90-120 days

MEST SITE DESCRIPTION amingos should have a dedicated area for breeding in an area to

Flamingos should have a dedicated area for breeding in an area that will have the least amount of disturbance. The rookery should be separate from feeding areas and free from predators. A variety of soils can be used but it is critical to keep the soil supple and turned, to allow the bird to work it with their beaks to build their mounds. The soil in the nesting area should be kept wet to lightly flooded. Wet soil will stimulate the birds to build and lay. Mulch, leaves, etc can be added to the soil for texture



CLUTCH SIZE, & EGG

DESCRIPTION

Flamingos lay one egg which is elongated and symmetrical. Eggs are white with a chalky coating. Egg dimension is 92x 53.1 mm.

CHI

CHICK DEVELOPMENT

Chicks hatch after a 28-32 day incubation. Chicks begin to fluff out and vocalize within an hour after hatching. They stay on the nests usually for a week but can leave as early as 3 days and as long as 14 days. When chicks leave the nest, they form groups known as a crèche with other chicks. Chicks usually fledge at 90-120 days.

MIN PARENTAL CARE

Both parents incubate the egg. When the egg hatches one parent will stay with the chick continuously while it is on the nest. The pair takes turns with this responsibility. Both parents feed the chicks but in some cases it has been observed that one of the parents is the primary feeder. Adult flamingos secrete a special formula called "crop milk" to feed the chicks. When the chick leaves the nest, the parents continue to care for the chick for approximately six months and have been observed caring for chicks even until the next breeding year.

CAPTIVE HABITAT INFORMATION

SOCIAL STRUCTURE Social Structure in the Wild: Colonial

✓ MIXED SPECIES EXHIBITS

Compatible in mixed species exhibits?

X YES

NO

Comments: Mostly see with Pelicans, Ibis, egrets, spoonbills. Swans can be dangerous mixed with flamingos

Social Structure in Captivity: Colonial

Minimum Group Size: 20

Maximum Group Size: Depends on exhibit size

but otherwise no limit

🎢 OPTIMAL HABITAT SIZE

Flock size should be taken into consideration and the bird given a pool large enough for the entire colony to wade in. Flamingos like towade in shallow – ankle deep water and enough ground space should be provided so that the birds have adequate resting space, appropriate flight distance to avoid panic when staff are in the the exhibit and enough space for the colony's breeding rituals.



MANAGEMENT CHALLENGES

Chilean flamingos have not bred consistently in captivity. Age, sex ratio and inappropriate exhibits may all play a part. AZA has a large population but a rather low reproduction number. Meeting Instutional needs has been a challenge as there are more places who want them or want to increase flock numbers than there are birds available.

ADDITIONAL COMMENTS

Q REFERENCES

Flamingo Husbandry Guidelines Flamingos by Malcolm and Carol Ogilvie Birds of the World "Wading Birds" by John P.S. Mackenzie



Name: Amanda Ott Date: 2/2/2014