Order: Scientific Name:	Galliformes Tragopan tem	minckii		Family: Common N	Name:	Phasianidae Temminck's t	ragopan			
AZA Managemen	t: □ Green		Yellow] Red	⊠	None Galliformes TAG currently recommends Cabot's tragopan as a managed alternative			
Photo (Male):				Phot	to (Fem	ale):				
NATURAL HISTOR	RY:									
Geographic Range:	Europe Africa		Asia Australia		North A Other	The Temminhabits a vestern Hir It is found China, Bhu	inck's tragopan wide range in the malayan mountains in eastern India, tan, Myanmar, and Iigration takes plac p and down	ł		
Habitat:	Forest Riverine		Desert Montane		Grass Other	sland shrubs	Coastal [
Circadian Cycle:	Diurnal ⊠	Crepuscul	ar 🗆	Nocturnal		Other Click I	nere to enter text.			
Cold Tolerance:	To 70° F To 30° F		To 60° F To 20° F		To 50 Other	It is recom	To 40° F mended to provide m the elements at 5			

		ºF, provide heat at confine indoors at (d	
Heat To	olerance:	To 30° F To 110° F		To 50° Other		□ e shade	To 70° F and water] To 90°	F	
Diet:		Frugivore Nectivore		Carnivore Omnivore			Piscivore Folivore		Insective Other (Add E		
Captive Dietary Needs: Galliformes pellet, fresh fruits, and vegetables. Blueberries and peanuts seem to be preferred food items for specific individuals at Riverbanks.											
Life Expectancy in the Wild:		Males:	own		Fem	nales: unknown					
Life Expectancy in Captivity:		Undetermined- the oldest male currently Males: recorded alive in ZIMS aged 18				undetermined	I				
BREEDING INFORMATION:											
Age at	Sexual Matu	rity:	Males:	2			Female	s: 2			
		•									
Courtship Displays:		Males were previous thought to be monogamous but recent studies have indicated that 50% are polygamous. Males will inflate their blue and red lappet and their blue horns. They will dance by fanning their tail and fluttering their wings and vocalizing.									
			nattering t	iicii wiiig	3 aria 1	VOCATIZI	ııg.				
between .5 – 8 met trees and compose Captive females ha			5 – 8 mete composed nales hav	d nesting pheasants, this species of tragopan will nest ers (1.5- 26 feet) off of the ground. Nests are located in d of dried leaves and branches lined with feathers. We shown interest nesting in milk crates ~ 4 feet off of the boxes elevated even higher as the exhibit space allows.							
Clutch Size, Egg Description:		3-6 eggs pe early May.	er clutch,	up to 1	12 per season. Egg laying starts in late April or						
Incuba	tion Period:	26-28 day	S			Fledgli	ng Period:	4-6 v	weeks		
Parent	ntal Care: The female provides all parental duties of incubation and chick rearing. The hen will remain with the chicks for 4-6 weeks until they are self-sufficient at foraging and climbing/flying up trees.										

Chick Development: Temminck's chicks develop quickly and can fly as soon as 3 days after hatching. They

hatch out precocial and start feeding themselves a few hours after hatch. Their

appearance is similar to the female.

CAPTIVE HABITAT INFORMATION:

Social Structure in the Wild: Occurs singly or in pairs. Mated pairs are thought to remain monogamous

50% of the time.

Social Structure in Captivity: 1 of each sex

Minimum Group Size: Housed singly or as one Maximum Group Size: 1 pair

pair

Compatible in

Mixed Species Exhibits:

Yes **Comments:**

The Temminck's tragopan is a generally a nonaggressive species towards other taxa. They spend their time foraging on the ground or roosting in

trees.

Optimal Habitat Size: Allow different levels in an enclosure for the tragopan to inhabit. While they spend

time foraging on the ground, they will spend rest periods perched high in trees. Like other Galliformes, they are capable of short, but fast bursts of flight and adequate

room for maneuverability is recommended in order to prevent injury.

Management Challenges: Imprinted males may exhibit aggressive behaviors as the breeding season

dictates: charging and spurring keepers. Feather mites and other parasites

should be monitored.

ADDITIONAL COMMENTS:

A Temminck's tragopan pair will be a charismatic addition to any enclosure. The obvious male is striking and visible. These birds are curious and inquisitive in their environment. They fill an excellent ground-dwelling niche in a mixed species enclosure while also utilizing higher perching when not actively foraging.

http://www.iucnredlist.org/details/22679169/0 http://www.hbw.com/species/temmincks-tragopan-tragopan-temminckii http://www.hlasek.com/foto/tragopan_temminckii_be1560.jpg http://68.media.tumblr.com/490f807dd938b8e95a79d62eb19dd550/tumblr_mh6tqfLTHr1rxyvj1o2_1280 http://www.arkive.org/temmincks-tragopan/tragopan-temminckii/ Click here to enter text. Completed by: Name: Samantha Amstutz, Riverbanks Zoo Date: 1/21/2018